Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Audited)

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401-905 West Pender St Vancouver BC V6C 1L6 www.devissergray.com t 604.687.5447 f 604.687.6737

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of DLP Resources Inc.

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of DLP Resources Inc. (the "Company"), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at April 30, 2024 and 2023, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive loss, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at April 30, 2024 and 2023 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1 in the consolidated financial statements, which indicates that the Company has no source of operating revenues, has not yet achieved profitable operations and expects to incur further losses in the development of its business. As stated in Note 1, the Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to obtain the financing necessary to complete its exploration projects by issuance of share capital or through joint ventures, and/or proceeds from the disposition of a property. These matters, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

In addition to the matter described in the *Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern* section, we have determined that there is the following key audit matter to communicate in our auditor's report.

Key audit matter:	How our audit addressed the key audit matter:
Assessment of impairment indicators of Mineral property assets.	Our approach to addressing the matter included the following procedures, among others:
Refer to note 2(e) – Judgements and estimates, note 3(a) –	Evaluated the reasonableness of management's assessment
Accounting policy Exploration and evaluation	of impairment indicators, which included the following:

expenditures and note 4 Mineral properties

Management assesses at each reporting period whether there is an indication that the carrying value of mineral property assets may not be recoverable. Management applies significant judgement in assessing whether indicators of impairment exist that necessitate impairment testing. Internal and external factors, such as (i) a significant decline in the market value of the Company's share price; (ii) changes in the Company's assessment of whether commercially viable quantities of mineral resources exist within the properties; and (iii) changes in metal prices, capital and operating costs, are evaluated by management in determining whether there are any indicators of impairment.

We considered this a key audit matter due to (i) the significance of the mineral property asset balance and (ii) the significant audit effort and subjectivity in applying audit procedures to assess the factors evaluated by management in its assessment of impairment indicators, which required significant management judgement.

- Assessed the Company's market capitalization in comparison to the Company's net assets, which may be an indication of impairment.
- Assessed the completeness of the factors that could be considered indicators of impairment, including consideration of evidence obtained in other areas of the audit.
- Confirmed that the Company's right to explore the properties had not expired.
- Obtained management's written representations regarding the Company's future plans for the mineral property assets.
- Assessed the reasonability of the Company's financial statement disclosure regarding their mineral property assets.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in "Management's Discussion and Analysis" but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information, and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate
 in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal
 control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Company as a basis for forming an opinion on the group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is James Roxburgh.

Chartered Professional Accountants

De Visser Gray LLP

Vancouver, BC, Canada August 27, 2024

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

		Α	pril 30, 2024	April 30, 2023
	Notes			
ASSETS				
Current				
Cash		\$	1,286,839	\$ 1,964,346
Receivables			19,213	21,328
Prepaid expenses and advances			76,749	9,142
Total Current Assets		_	1,382,801	1,994,816
IGV receivable	4		-	262,923
Mineral properties	5		782,784	519,494
Property, plant and equipment	7		55,688	55,393
Reclamation deposits	6		150,931	150,931
Total Non-Current Assets			989,403	988,741
Total Assets		\$	2,372,204	\$ 2,983,557
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current				
Trade and other payables	10	\$	425,354	\$ 406,795
Flow through share premium	8		-	28,134
Total Current Liabilities			425,354	434,929
Total Liabilities			425,354	434,929
Shareholders' Equity				
Share capital	8		14,326,001	10,084,802
Share-based payment reserves	9		3,321,391	1,872,802
Shares subscribed	8		801,982	-
Accumulated deficit			(16,502,524)	(9,408,976)
Total Shareholders' Equity			1,946,850	2,548,628
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		\$	2,372,204	\$ 2,983,557

Nature of operations and going concern (Note 1) Commitments (Note 5) Subsequent events (Notes 9 & 15)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

James Stypula	Director ———
Carol Li	Director

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

			Year ended		Year ended
	Notes	ΑĮ	pril 30, 2024	Αp	ril 30, 2023
General and administrative					
Salaries and benefits	10	\$	365,173	\$	317,108
Stock-based compensation	9		812,796		187,541
Consulting fees			166,680		153,650
Exploration costs	5 & 10		4,755,219		3,045,158
Office and administrative			98,956		77,271
Transfer agent and filing fees			41,129		48,390
Listing costs			30,973		25,937
Professional fees			92,164		80,245
Travel			9,960		6,202
Depreciation expenses	7		18,492		10,499
Unrealized foreign exchange loss			20,045		4,524
Flow-through share premium recovery	8		(28,134)		(162,093)
Impairment of mineral properties	5		10,000		20,000
Write-down of IGV receivable	4		700,095		-
Loss before income taxes			7,093,548		3,814,432
Income tax expense			-		-
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the year		\$	7,093,548	\$	3,814,432
Loss per share					
Weighted average shares outstanding					
- basic and diluted		1	.00,833,497	:	81,876,816
Loss per share - basic and diluted		\$	0.07	\$	0.05

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

	Number of shares			Share- based		Share			Total
	issued and		hare	payment	sub	scriptio		sł	nareholders'
	outstanding		pital	reserve	n r	eceived	Deficit		equity
Balance, May 1, 2022	77,097,646	\$ 6,512	,538	\$ 790,464	\$	-	\$ (5,594,544)	\$	1,708,458
Shares issued for cash									
Private placement, net of issue costs (Note 8)	2,120,000	510	,702	-		-	-		510,702
Private placement, net of issue costs (Note 8)	4,358,800	694	,056	336,026		-	-		1,030,082
Private placement, net of issue costs (Note 8)	5,203,814	886	,991	423,575		-	-		1,310,566
Private placement, net of issue costs (Note 8)	4,281,250	1,592	,936	-		-	-		1,592,936
Shares issued on warrants exercised (Note 8 & 9)	40,500	19	,567	(4,417)		-	-		15,150
Issued for other consideration									
Finder's warrants (Note 8 & 9)	-	(139	,613)	139,613		-	-		-
Shares issued per options agreement (Note 8)	187,500	53	,625	-		-	-		53,625
Flow-through share premium (Note 8)	-	(106	,000)	-		-	-		(106,000)
Issuance of performance shares (Note 8)	300,000	60	,000	-		-	-		60,000
Stock-based compensation (Note 9)	-		-	187,541		-	-		187,541
Net loss for the year	-		-	-		-	(3,814,432)		(3,814,432)
Balance, April 30, 2023	93,589,510	\$ 10,084	,802	\$ 1,872,802	\$	-	\$ (9,408,976)	\$	2,548,628
Balance, May 1, 2023	93,589,510	\$ 10,084	,802	\$ 1,872,802	\$	-	\$ (9,408,976)	\$	2,548,628
Shares issued for cash									
Private placement (Note 8)	6,622,250	2,384	,750	926,375		-	-		3,311,125
Share issue costs (Note 8)	-	(141	,778)	-		-	-		(141,778)
Share subscription received (Note 8)	-		-	-	8	01,982			801,982
Shares issued on warrants exercised (Note 8 & 9)	4,286,400	1,955	,894	(278,249)		-	-		1,677,645
Shares issued on options exercised (Note 8 & 9)	150,000	52	,350	(22,350)		-	-		30,000
Issued for other consideration									
Finder's warrants (Note 8 & 9)	-	(22	,017)	22,017		-	-		-
Restricted shares units issued (Note 8 & 9)	50,000	12	,000	(12,000)		-	-		-
Stock-based compensation (Note 9)	-		-	812,796		-	-		812,796
Net loss for the year	-		-	-		-	(7,093,548)		(7,093,548)
Balance, April 30, 2024	104,698,160	\$ 14,326	,001	\$ 3,321,391	\$ 8	01,982	\$ (16,502,524)	\$	1,946,850

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Audited)
ended Year ended

	Notes	Year ended April 30, 2024	Year ended April 30, 2023
Cash flows from operating activities			
Loss for the year		\$ (7,093,548) \$	(3,814,432)
Adjustment to reconcile loss			
to net cash used in operating activities:			
Stock-based compensation	9	812,796	187,541
Depreciation expenses	7	18,492	10,499
Issuance of performance shares	8 & 9	-	60,000
Flow-through share premium recovery	8	(28,134)	(162,093)
Impairment of mineral properties	5	10,000	20,000
Write-down of IGV receivable	4	700,095	-
Changes in non-cash working capital balances:			
Receivables and IGV receivable		(435,057)	(261,594)
Prepaid expenses and advances		(67,607)	144,589
Trade and other payables		(42,004)	331,402
Total cash outflows from operating activities		(6,124,967)	(3,484,088)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	7	(18,787)	(53,395)
Increase in reclamation deposits	6	-	(49,031)
Investment in mineral properties	5	(268,572)	(116,273)
Total cash outflows from investing activities		(287,359)	(218,699)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from share issuances	8	3,311,125	4,737,230
Share issue costs	8	(85,933)	(292,944)
Share subscriptions received	8	801,982	-
Proceeds from exercise of options	8 & 9	30,000	-
Proceeds from exercise of warrants	8 & 9	1,677,645	15,150
Total cash inflows from financing activities		5,734,819	4,459,436
Change in cash during the year		(677,507)	756,649
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year		1,964,346	1,207,697
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year		\$ 1,286,839 \$	1,964,346

Supplemental disclosures to cash flows (Note 14)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

DLP Resources Inc. ("DLP" or the "Company") is a publicly traded mineral exploration company and is pursuing opportunities relating to the acquisition and exploration of mineral property interests in British Columbia, Canada and Peru. The Company was incorporated on November 9, 2017 under the laws of Alberta. The registered office and records office of the Company is located at 10th Floor, 595 Howe St., Vancouver, V6C 2T5, British Columbia, Canada. The Company's Head Office is located at #201 – 135 – 10th Ave. S., Cranbrook, V1C 2N1, British Columbia, Canada.

These consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of DLP Resources Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiary, DLP Resources Peru S.A.C., incorporated in Peru.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS applicable to a going concern. Realization values may be substantially different from carrying values as shown and these consolidated financial statements do not give effect to adjustments that would be necessary to the carrying values and classification of assets and liabilities should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. At April 30, 2024, the Company had no source of operating revenues, had not yet achieved profitable operations and the Company expects to incur further losses in the development of its business, all of which indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that casts significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to obtain the financing necessary to complete its exploration projects by issuance of share capital or through joint ventures, and/or proceeds from the disposition of a property. As at April 30, 2024, the Company has an accumulated deficit of \$16,502,524 and has working capital of \$957,447. The Company's current forecast indicates that it is expected to have sufficient cash available for the next year to continue as a going concern.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

a) Statement of Compliance

These consolidated financial statements for the years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (the "Audited Financial Statements") have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IFRS® Accounting Standards") applicable to the preparation of financial statements.

These Audited Financial Statements were approved for issue by the board of directors on August 27, 2024.

b) Basis of measurement

The Audited Financial Statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis.

These Audited Financial Statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is also the Company's functional currency. The functional currency of DLP Resources Peru S.A.C. is also the Canadian dollar. At the transaction date, each asset, liability, revenue and expense denominated in a foreign currency is translated into Canadian dollars using the exchange rate in effect at that date. At the period-end date, unsettled monetary assets and liabilities are translated into Canadian dollars using the exchange rate in effect at the period-end date and the related translation differences are recognized in net income.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

b) Basis of measurement (continued)

The accounting policies have been applied consistently in all years presented in these Audited Financial Statements, unless otherwise indicated.

c) Basis of consolidation

These Audited Financial Statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned and controlled subsidiary as described in note 1. Control exists when the Company has the power directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The financial statements of the subsidiary are included in the Audited Financial Statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated upon consolidation.

d) Accounting standards adopted during the year

Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements

In January 2020, the IASB issued an amendment to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements (IAS 1). The amendment applies to annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. The amendment clarifies the criteria for classifying a liability as non-current if there is the right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. Management has determined that this amendment has not had any material impact on the Company's annual consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

In February 2021, the IASB issued "Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments to IAS 8)" to help entities to distinguish between accounting policies and accounting estimates. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. Management has determined that these amendments have not had any material impact on the Company's annual consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2

In February 2021, the IASB issued "Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2)" with amendments that are intended to assist entities in deciding which accounting policies to disclose in their financial statements. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. Management has determined that these amendments have not had any material impact on the Company's annual consolidated financial statements.

Amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes

In May 2021, the IASB issued "Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction (Amendments to IAS 12)" that clarifies how entities account for deferred tax on transactions such as leases and decommissioning obligations. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. Management has determined that these amendments have not had any material impact on the Company's annual consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

e) New IFRS pronouncements

New IFRS pronouncements that have been issued but are not yet effective at the date of these financial statements are listed below. We plan to apply these amendments in the annual period for which they are first required.

Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements

IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements, which will replace IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements aims to improve how companies communicate in their financial statements, with a focus on information about financial performance in the statement of profit or loss, in particular additional defined subtotals, disclosures about management-defined performance measures and new principles for aggregation and disaggregation of information. IFRS 18 is accompanied by limited amendments to the requirements in IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows. IFRS 18 is effective from January 1, 2027. Companies are permitted to apply IFRS 18 before that date.

f) Judgments and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with IFRS requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies and make certain critical accounting estimates. The areas involving critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the biggest impact on the assets and liabilities recognized in the financial statements are as follows:

Economic recoverability and probability of future economic benefits of mineral properties

Management has determined that acquisition costs, which are capitalized as mineral properties (note 5), have future economic benefits and are economically recoverable. Management uses several criteria in its assessments of economic recoverability and probability of future economic benefit that may include geologic and metallurgic information, history of conversion of mineral deposits to proven and probable reserves, scoping and feasibility studies, accessible facilities, existing permits and life of mine plans.

Going concern evaluation

As discussed in note 1, these Audited Financial Statements have been prepared under the assumptions applicable to a going concern. If the going concern assumption were not appropriate for these Audited Financial Statements, then adjustments would be necessary to the carrying value of assets and liabilities, the reported expenses and the consolidated statement of financial position classifications used and such adjustments could be material.

The assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to raise sufficient funds to pay its ongoing operating expenditures and meet its liabilities for the ensuing year involves significant judgment based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Exploration and evaluation expenditures

Exploration and evaluation expenditures relate to the costs incurred on the exploration for and evaluation of potential mineral reserves.

Recognition and measurement

Exploration and evaluation expenditures include costs of conducting geological surveys, and exploratory drilling and sampling. Expenditures on mineral exploration or evaluation incurred in respect of a property before the acquisition of a license/permit to explore are expensed as incurred. Costs related to the acquisition of an exploration asset are capitalized as mineral property assets. Exploration and evaluation expenditures related to the determination of a property or project's feasibility of a mineral property are expensed in the consolidated statements of comprehensive loss as incurred. Exploration and evaluation expenditures after a mineral property has been deemed commercially feasible are capitalized as development assets. To date the Company's mineral properties have not advanced past the exploration stage, accordingly, no amounts have been capitalized in respect of exploration and evaluation expenditures. Exploration costs that do not relate to any specific property are expensed as incurred.

Impairment

Management tests for impairment when facts and circumstances indicate that the carrying value of mineral property assets might exceed recoverable amounts or when the technical feasibility and commercial viability of mineral resources is demonstrable.

b) Cash

Cash includes cash on hand and deposits held with banks.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

c) Foreign currency translation

The functional and reporting currency of the Company and its subsidiary is the Canadian dollar. Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency are recorded at the rate of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at each reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated. Foreign currency translated differences are recognized in profit or loss, except for differences on the retranslation of available-for-sale instruments, which are recognized in other comprehensive loss.

d) Share Capital

Common shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new Common Shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction from the related proceeds, net of applicable tax.

If the Company issues units as part of financing, consisting of both common shares and common share purchase warrants, the fair value of the warrants is determined using the Black-Scholes pricing model, and fair value of the common shares is determined using market price. The allocation of value is proportionally based on their fair value.

e) Flow-through shares

Flow-through common shares are issued from time to time to finance a significant portion of the Company's exploration program. Pursuant to the terms of the flow-through share agreements, these shares transfer the tax deductibility of qualifying resource expenditures to investors. On issuance, the Company bifurcates the flow-through shares into i) a flow-through share premium, equal to the estimate premium, if any, investors pay for the flow-through feature, which is recognized as a liability, and ii) share-capital. Upon expenditures being incurred, the Company derecognizes the liability, and recognizes a flow-through share premium recovery on the income statement.

Proceeds received from the issuance of flow-through shares are restricted to be used only for qualifying Canadian resource property exploration expenditures within a two-year period.

f) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost. Property, plant and equipment are derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected. Gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of the item and are recognized in profit or loss. The Company records depreciation at the following rates:

- Office furniture and equipment 20%
- Computer equipment 30%
- Vehicles 30%

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

f) Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

Management conducts an annual assessment of the estimated residual values, useful lives, and depreciation methods used for property, plant and equipment. Any material changes in estimates are applied prospectively.

Non-current assets are tested for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If an indicator is identified, the asset's recoverable amount is calculated and compared to the carrying amount. For the purpose of measuring recoverable amounts, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units or "CGUs"). The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use (being the present value of the expected future cash flows of the relevant asset or CGU, as determined by management). An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

The Company evaluates impairment losses for potential reversals, when events or circumstances warrant such consideration.

g) Earnings/loss per share

Basic earnings/loss per share is computed by dividing the net income or loss applicable to Common Shares by the weighted average number of Common Shares outstanding for the relevant period.

Diluted earnings/loss per share is computed by dividing the net income or loss applicable to Common Shares by the sum of the weighted average number of Common Shares issued and outstanding and all additional Common Shares that would have been outstanding, if potentially dilutive instruments were converted.

h) Share-based compensation

Share-based compensation expense relates to stock options, RSUs, PSUs, and DSUs. The grant date fair value of stock options is measured using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and is recognized as an expense, with a corresponding increase in share-based payment reserves in equity, over the vesting period. The amount recognized as an expense is based on the estimate of the number of awards expected to vest, which is revised if subsequent information indicates that actual forfeitures are likely to differ from the estimate. Upon exercise of stock options, the consideration paid by the holder is included in share capital and the related share-based payment reserve associated with the stock options exercised is reclassified into share capital.

Where the terms of a stock option are modified, the minimum expense recognized is the expense as if the terms had not been modified. An additional expense is recognized for any modification which increases the total fair value of the share-based compensation arrangement or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification over the remaining vesting period. Share-based payments to nonemployees are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, if it is determined the fair value of the goods or services cannot be reliably measured and are recorded at the date the goods or services are received.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

h) Share-based compensation (continued)

The grant date fair value of RSUs, PSUs, and DSUs is measured using the fair value of the Company's shares at grant date and is recognized as an expense, with a corresponding increase in share-based payment reserves in equity, over the vesting period. The amount recognized as an expense is based on the estimate of the number of awards expected to vest, which is revised if subsequent information indicates that actual forfeitures are likely to differ from the estimate. Upon redemption of RSUs, PSUs and DSUs, the related share-based payment reserve associated with the RSUs, PSUs, and DSUs redeemed is reclassified into share capital.

i) Financial instruments

The Company applies IFRS 9, Financial Instruments, which sets out the accounting standards for the classification and measurement of financial instruments. The IFRS 9 standard provides a model for the classification and measurement of financial instruments, a single forward-looking "expected loss" impairment model, and a reformed approach for hedge accounting.

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") or at amortized cost. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

Equity instruments that are held for trading (including all equity derivative instruments) are classified as FVTPL. For other equity instruments, the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) on the day of acquisition to designate them as at FVTOCI.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets carried at FVTPL are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the income statement. Realized and unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial asset held at FVTPL are included in the income statement in the period in which they arise. Derivatives are also categorized as FVTPL unless they are designated as hedges.

Financial assets at FVTOCI

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently they are measured at fair value, with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income. There is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment.

Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets at amortized cost are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently carried at amortized cost less any impairment. They are classified as current assets or non-current assets based on their maturity date.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

i) Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets at amortized cost (continued)

Financial assets are derecognized when they mature or are sold, and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred. Gains and losses on derecognition of financial assets classified as FVTPL or amortized cost are recognized in the income statement. Gains or losses on financial assets classified as FVTOCI remain within accumulated other comprehensive income.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL and amortized cost

A financial liability is classified as FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading or is designated as such on initial recognition. Directly attributable transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred. The fair value changes to financial liabilities at FVTPL are presented as follows: the amount of change in fair value that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of the liability in OCI; and the remaining amount of the change in the fair value is presented in profit or loss. The Company does not designate any financial liabilities at FVTPL.

Other non-derivative financial liabilities are initially measured at far value less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

j) Income Taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity in which case, the income tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current Tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which the applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred Tax

Deferred income tax is recognized, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the statement of financial position date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

j) Income Taxes (continued)

Deferred Tax (continued)

Deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Company and it is probably that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

4. IGV Receivable

During the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company wrote-off \$700,095 (2023 - \$nil) of receivables to the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss. These receivables related to Value Added Taxes ("IGV") in Peru for which recoverability is uncertain.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

5. MINERAL PROPERTIES

							Hungry							Es	peranza	(Copper	
	Α	ldridge 1	Αl	dridge 2	R	edburn	Creek	DD	Мо	by Dick	NZOU	Au	rora Peru		Peru		Creek	Total
Net book value, April 30, 2022	\$	69,458	\$	38,407	\$	10,000	\$ 84,798	\$ 20,000	\$	461	\$ 28,875	\$	97,828	\$	-	\$	19,769	\$ 369,596
Additions		15,155		10,114		-	7,504	-		-	10,500		126,625		-		-	169,898
Impairment of Mineral properties		-		-		-	-	(20,000)		-	-		-		-		-	(20,000)
Net book value, April 30, 2023	\$	84,613	\$	48,521	\$	10,000	\$ 92,302	\$ -	\$	461	\$ 39,375	\$	224,453	\$	-	\$	19,769	\$ 519,494

							ŀ	lungry							Es	peranza	(Copper	
	Al	ldridge 1	Αl	dridge 2	Re	dburn		Creek	DD	Mol	by Dick	NZOU	Αι	ırora Peru		Peru		Creek	Total
Net book value, April 30, 2023	\$	84,613	\$	48,521	\$	10,000	\$	92,302	\$ -	\$	461	\$ 39,375	\$	224,453	\$	-	\$	19,769	\$ 519,494
Additions		4,349		-		-		-	-		369	-		248,716		19,856		-	273,290
Impairment of Mineral properties		-		-	((10,000)		-	-		-	-		-		-		-	(10,000)
Net book value, April 30, 2024	\$	88,962	\$	48,521	\$	-	\$	92,302	\$ -	\$	830	\$ 39,375	\$	473,169	\$	19,856	\$	19,769	\$ 782,784

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

5. MINERAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Exploration costs

During the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company incurred \$4,789,452 (2023 - \$3,062,575) on exploration costs which have been included on the consolidated statements of comprehensive loss. During the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company received \$34,233 (2023 - \$17,417) for the BC Mining Exploration Tax Credit refund. The following tables summarize the exploration costs incurred.

Year ended April 30, 2024

	Esperanza -											
Exploration Costs	General	Aldridge	1 Aldridge 2	Redburn	Hungry Creek	Moby Dick	NZOU	Aurora - Peru	Peru	Copper Creek	DD	Total
Geology	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 39,928	\$ -	\$ 24,200	\$ 157,537 \$	187,802	\$ 15,575	\$ -	\$ 425,042
Geophysics	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,365	-	-	-	22,365
Geochemistry	-	-	-	-	18,772	-	-	5,531	-	-	-	24,303
Drilling	5,800	-	-	-	15,225	-	730,294	2,137,829	-	648,655	-	3,537,803
Wages/Travel/Admin	-	-	-	355	3,816	-	11,976	676,500	48,447	35,065	-	776,159
Maps & Reproductions	425	-	-	-	1,206	-	675	229	47	1,198	-	3,780
BC Mining Exploration Credit	(34,233)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(34,233)
Total	\$ (28,008)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 355	\$ 78,947	\$ -	\$ 767,145	\$ 2,999,991 \$	236,296	\$ 700,493	\$ -	\$ 4,755,219

Year ended April 30, 2023

										Es	speranza -					
Exploration Costs	General	Aldridge 1	Aldridge 2	Redburn	Hungry Creek	Moby Dick	N	ZOU	Aurora - Peru	J	Peru	Copper C	eek	DD		Total
Geology	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,850	\$ 64,953	\$ 17,978	\$	7,370	\$ 148,938	\$	-	\$ 12,	925	\$ 2,695	\$	258,709
Geophysics	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	10,	234	-		10,234
Geochemistry	-	-	-	16,397	1,571	-		-	5,541		23,816		-	-		47,325
Drilling	2,325	-	-	-	442,185	237,569		-	1,279,308		-	71,	322	2,615	2	2,035,824
Wages/Travel/Admin	-	(385)	-	922	35,555	16,360		1,350	634,613		300	12,	013	1,051		701,779
Maps & Reproductions	1,450	-	-	2,051	1,788	940		-	792		200	1,	061	422		8,704
BC Mining Exploration Credit	(17,417)	-	-	-	-	-		-	-		-		-	-		(17,417)
Total	\$ (13,642)	\$ (385)	\$ -	\$ 23,220	\$ 546,052	\$ 272,847	\$	8,720	\$ 2,069,192	\$	24,316	\$ 108,	055	\$ 6,783	\$ 3	3,045,158

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

5. MINERAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Aldridge 1 (RJ) and Aldridge 2 (JR) Properties

The Aldridge 1 (RJ) and Aldridge 2 (JR) mineral properties are separate claim blocks located near Cranbrook B.C. in the East Kootenay region of the province. The Aldridge 1 property is 50 claims totaling 15,444.79 hectares; the Aldridge 2 property is 6 claims totaling 1,939.5 hectares.

On March 1, 2020, the Company entered into a property earn-in agreement (the "Earn-In Agreement") with each of Jonathan Sean Kennedy, R.D. Craig Kennedy, Darlene E. Lavoie, Thomas Peter James Kennedy, Michael Cameron Kennedy and Frederick A. Cook (for Salt Spring Imaging, Ltd.) (together, the "Field Experts"). Under the Earn-In Agreement, the Field Experts have agreed to grant to the Company an option to acquire up to a 100% interest in certain mineral claims: four (4) Son of Captain claims totaling 126.75 ha and the Liger claim totaling 84.31 ha.

In order to exercise the option to acquire a 100% interest in the properties (Aldridge 1, Aldridge 2, and Hungry Creek), the Company issued 450,000 common shares of the Company (the "Earn-In Shares") through the issuance of 112,500 Earn-In Shares per year, over a four-year period, issuable to the Field Experts on a prorata basis. As at April 30, 2024, a total of 450,000 Earn-In Shares have been issued and the Company has acquired a 100% interest in the properties.

The Field Experts are entitled to a 1% Net Smelter Royalty ("NSR") payable on each of the Properties, with the Company being able to buy back such NSR royalties in exchange for an aggregate of \$1,000,000, payable to the Field Experts on a pro-rata basis at the Company's discretion.

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company spent \$nil (2023 – recovered \$385) on both Aldridge properties.

Redburn Creek Property

The Redburn Creek claims are 12 claim blocks totaling 5,359.12 hectares near Golden, B.C.

The property is owned 100% by the Company and has no ongoing commitments. During the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company decided to cease exploration on the property and wrote off the previously capitalized costs of \$10,000.

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company spent \$355 (2023 - \$23,220) on the Redburn Creek property.

Hungry Creek Property

The Hungry Creek Property, totalling 38,498 hectares, is comprised of 74 claims (73 claims 100% owned by the Company and 1 claim optioned from the Kennedy Group) and is located west of Kimberley, B.C.

On March 1, 2020, the Company entered into the Earn-In Agreement which added one additional Hungry Miner claim, totaling 62.67 ha, to the property.

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company spent \$78,947 (2023 - \$546,052) on the Hungry Creek property.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

5. MINERAL PROPERTIES (continued)

DD Property

On July 13, 2020, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire up to a 75% interest in certain mineral claims known as the DD Property, located in BC. During the year ended April 30, 2023, the Company terminated the option agreement to acquire up to a 75% interest in the DD Property and wrote off the previously capitalized costs of \$20,000.

Moby Dick Property

On June 26, 2020, the Company staked the Moby Dick claim totaling 527.27 ha. The property is 100% owned by the Company. During the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company staked a claim totaling 211 ha.

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company spent \$nil (2023 – spent \$272,847) on the Moby Dick property.

NZOU Property

On August 17, 2020, the Company entered into an option agreement with 453999 BC Ltd. ("453") to acquire up to a 100% interest on two mineral claims, totaling 822.2 ha, known as the NZOU Property.

Under the terms of the option agreement, the Company earned a 51% interest in the NZOU Property by:

- incurring exploration expenditures of \$15,000 by December 1, 2020 (incurred).
- issuing 75,000 common shares to 453 within 20 days of the date upon which the TSX Venture Exchange approves the option agreement (issued);
- issuing 75,000 common shares to 453 by February 28, 2021 (issued);
- incurring exploration expenditures of \$50,000 by December 31, 2021 (incurred);
- issuing 75,000 common shares to 453 by February 28, 2022 (issued); and
- issuing 75,000 common shares to 453 by February 28, 2023(issued).

The Company can earn an additional 25% interest, bringing their total interest in the property to 75%, by making a cash payment of \$100,000 to 453 by December 31, 2024.

The Company can earn an additional 25% interest, bringing their total interest in the property to 100%, by issuing 100,000 common shares to 453 by December 31, 2025.

453 will retain a 2.0% of NSR on the property. The Company will be entitled at any time to purchase up to 50% of the Royalty (being equal to 1.0% of NSR) from 453 for cash consideration of \$1,000,000.

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company spent \$767,145 (2023 - \$8,720) on the NZOU property.

Aurora - Peru Property

On November 25, 2021, the Company entered into an option contract and mining assignment agreement (the "Option") with SMRL Parobamba II ("SP II") whereby the Company can acquire a 100% interest in one mining concession comprising the Aurora Project.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

5. MINERAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Aurora – Peru Property (continued)

In order to earn an undivided 100% ownership interest in the Aurora Project in accordance with the Option, the Company must make the following cash payments to SP II (all of which include all applicable taxes) and incur exploration expenditures on the Aurora Project as follows:

Event	Cash Payments	Property Work
	(Cumulative)	Commitment
		(Cumulative)
Execution of letter of intent	US\$5,000 (paid)	Nil
Signing of option agreement	US\$75,000 (paid)	Nil
The latest of 6 months from the date of execution of the option agreement, or the date on which the last of the permits required for drilling the Aurora Project is approved and issued (the "Effective Date")	US\$150,000 (paid)	Nil
Within 12 months of the Effective Date	US\$225,000 (paid)	US\$400,000 (completed)
Within 18 months of the Effective Date	US\$300,000 (paid)	
Within 24 months of the Effective Date	US\$400,000 ¹	US\$950,000 (completed)
Within 30 months of the Effective Date	US\$475,000	
Within 36 months of the Effective Date	US\$675,000	US\$1,750,000 (completed)
Within 42 months of the Effective Date	US\$750,000	
Within 48 months of the Effective Date	US\$3,000,000	US\$3,000,000 (completed)
	US\$3,000,000	US\$3,000,000

¹ US\$100,000 paid subsequently

SP II will retain a 1.5% NSR on the property. The Company will be entitled at any time to reduce the NSR by 1.0% (to 0.5%) for cash consideration of US\$1,000,000. Upon exercising this right, the Company will be entitled to repurchase the remaining 0.5% NSR, reducing the NSR to nil, for cash consideration of US\$500,000.

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company spent \$2,999,991 (2023 - \$2,069,192), on the Aurora – Peru property, which was included on the consolidated statements of comprehensive loss. As of April 30, 2024, the Company had accumulated exploration expenditures of \$5,235,762 on the Aurora – Peru property.

During the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company incurred \$248,716 (PEN 683,902) in acquisition costs on the Aurora – Peru property, which was included in Mineral Properties on the consolidated statement of financial position.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

5. MINERAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Copper Creek Property

On August 24, 2021, the Company staked 27 claims totaling 11,296.54 hectares, known as the Copper Creek Property, located north of Kimberly, B.C.

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company spent \$700,493 (2023 - \$108,055) on the Copper Creek property.

Esperanza - Peru Property

During May 2022, the Company staked 5 claims totaling 4,600 hectares known as the Esperanza – Peru property.

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company spent \$236,296 (2023 - \$24,316) on the Esperanza – Peru property.

6. RECLAMATION DEPOSITS

Reclamation bonds are non-interesting bearing funds posted by the Company and held by the BC Government to cover future liabilities concerning un-reclaimed disturbance created by the Company for permitted work performed. The total bond dollars required for each property is determined by the Ministry of Energy and Mines. The bond funds are returned to the Company once the permitted work for a property is completed, and reclamation work is done to a standard approved by the ministry.

As at April 30, 2024, the Company has reclamation bonds on the following properties:

Reclamation Bonds	April	30, 2024	Apr	il 30, 2023
Aldridge 1	\$	10,850	\$	10,850
Aldridge 2		3,000		3,000
Hungry Creek		48,250		48,250
DD Property		28,000		28,000
Moby Dick		35,800		35,800
Copper Creek		25,031		25,031
Total	\$	150,931	\$	150,931

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

7. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

		Office				
	Fι	ırniture &				
	Е	quipment	Co	mputer	Vehicle	Total
Balance - May 1, 2022	\$	11,232	\$	1,265	\$ - \$1	2,497
Additions - cost		2,682		822	49,891 5	3,395
Accumulated depreciation and amortiza		(2,514)		(501)	(7,484) (1	.0,499)
Net book value, April 30, 2023	\$	11,400	\$	1,586	\$ 42,407 \$ 5	5,393
Balance - May 1, 2023	\$	11,400	\$	1,586	\$ 42,407 \$ 5	5,393
Additions - cost		13,440		5,347	- 1	8,787
Depreciation and amortization		(4,244)		(1,526)	(12,722) (1	.8,492)
Net book value, April 30, 2024	\$	20,596	\$	5,407	\$ 29,685 \$ 5	5,688

8. SHARE CAPITAL

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of Class A Common Shares with no par value.

Activities for the year ended April 30, 2024

On September 28, 2023, the Company completed a private placement via the issuance of 4,000,250 units at a price of \$0.50 per Unit for gross proceeds of \$2,000,125. Each Unit consists of one common share and one common share purchase warrant, exercisable at a price of \$0.80 per warrant share for a period of 2 years. In connection with the private placement, the Company paid commissions of \$44,389 and legal fees of \$34,589. The Company also issued 88,778 finders' warrants. Each finder's warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.50 per share, for a period of 2 years from the closing of the financing.

On November 1, 2023, the Company completed a private placement via the issuance of 2,622,000 units at a price of \$0.50 per Unit for gross proceeds of \$1,311,000. Each Unit consists of one common share and one common share purchase warrant, exercisable at a price of \$0.80 per warrant share for a period of 2 years.

On December 15, 2023, the Company issued 50,000 common shares of the Company at a deemed price of \$0.24 per share to a consultant of the Company pursuant to a RSU award agreement dated December 15, 2022.

During the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company issued 4,286,400 shares pursuant to the exercise of warrants at exercise prices ranging from \$0.25 to \$0.40 per share for gross proceeds of \$1,677,645. The Company reallocated the fair value of these warrants previously recorded in the amount of \$278,249 from equity reserves to share capital.

During the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company issued 150,000 shares pursuant to the exercise of options at an exercise price of \$0.20 per share for gross proceeds of \$30,000. The Company reallocated the fair value of these options previously recorded in the amount of \$22,350 from equity reserves to share capital.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

8. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Activities for the year ended April 30, 2024 (continued)

During the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company incurred \$1,527,100 of qualified flow-through expenditures and recognized a \$28,134 flow-through share premium recovery on the statement of comprehensive loss. As at April 30, 2024, \$326,069 remains to be spent on qualifying expenditures.

As at April 30, 2024, the Company had received \$801,982 in share subscriptions for a private placement completed subsequent to year end.

Activities for the year ended April 30, 2023

On September 16, 2022, the Company completed a private placement via the issuance of 2,120,000 FT Shares at a price of \$0.25 per FT Share for gross proceeds of \$530,000. In connection with the private placement, the Company paid cash finders' fees of \$10,150 and legal fees of \$9,148. The Company also issued 40,600 finders' warrants, each finders' warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.25 per share, for a period of 18 months from the closing of the financing. As at April 30, 2023, the Company incurred \$389,331 of qualified flow-through expenditures and recognized a \$77,866 flow-through share premium recovery on the statement of comprehensive loss.

On October 12, 2022, the Company issued 300,000 common shares of the Company at a deemed price of \$0.20 per share to the President and CEO of the Company pursuant to a performance shares agreement dated December 14, 2021 in consideration for certain exploration, supervisory and geological services provided to the Company.

On November 22, 2022 and December 15, 2022, the Company completed, in two tranches, a private placement via the issuance of 4,358,800 units at a price of \$0.25 per Unit for gross proceeds of \$1,089,700. Each unit consists of one common share of the Company and one non-transferable common share purchase warrant (a "Warrant"). Each Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share in the capital of the Company at a price of \$0.40 per share, for a period of 2 years following the issuance of the Warrant. The Company paid cash finders' fees totaling \$44,079 and legal fees totaling \$15,539. The Company also issued 176,316 finders' warrants ("Finders' Warrants"). Each Finders' Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share in the capital of the Company at a price of \$0.25 per share for a period of 2 years from the date of issuance.

On February 6, 2023, the Company completed a private placement via the issuance of 5,203,814 units at a price of \$0.27 per unit for gross proceeds of \$1,405,030. Each unit consists of one common share of the Company and one non-transferable common share purchase warrant (a "Warrant"). Each Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share in the capital of the Company at a price of \$0.40 per share for a period of 2 years following the issuance of the Warrant. The Company paid cash finders' fees totaling \$70,695 and legal fees totaling \$23,769. The Company also issued 261,835 finders' warrants. Each finders' warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share in the capital of the Company at a price of 0.27 per share for a period of 2 years from the date of issuance.

On February 7, 2023, 10,500 finders' warrants with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.30 were exercised for gross proceeds of \$3,150

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

8. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Activities for the year ended April 30, 2023 (continued)

On February 28, 2023, the Company issued 75,000 common shares to 453 as per the NZOU Property Option Agreement. These common shares were valued at \$21,000 (note 5).

On March 1, 2023, the Company issued 112,500 common shares for the fourth tranche of the Earn-In Agreement arrangement. These common shares were valued at \$32,625 (note 5).

On April 5, 2023, 30,000 warrants with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.40 were exercised for gross proceeds of \$12,000.

On April 6, 2023, the Company completed a private placement via the issuance of 4,281,250 FT Shares at a price of \$0.40 per FT Share for gross proceeds of \$1,712,500. In connection with the private placement, the Company paid cash finders' fees of \$112,875 and legal fees totaling \$6,689. The Company also issued 282,188 finders' warrants. Each finders' warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.40 per share for a period of 2 years from the date of issuance.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

9. WARRANTS, OPTIONS, SHARE-BASED AWARDS

a) Warrants

Changes in share purchase warrants for the year ended April 30, 2024 were as follows:

	Warrants	Exercise price (C\$)	Fair value (C\$)	Expiry Date
Outstanding at May 1, 2022	6,839,128	0.38		
Issued for finders	40,600	0.25	3,207	March 16, 2024
Issued for private placement	3,383,200	0.40	265,823	November 22, 2024
Issued for finders	117,824	0.25	15,906	November 22, 2024
Issued for private placement	975,600	0.40	70,203	December 15, 2024
Issued for finders	58,492	0.25	7,312	December 15, 2024
Issued for private placement	5,203,814	0.40	423,575	February 5, 2025
Issued for finders	261,835	0.27	39,537	February 5, 2025
Issued for finders	282,188	0.40	73,651	April 5, 2025
Warrants exercised	(40,500)	0.37	(4,417)	
Warrants expired	(735,161)	0.10	(124,347)	
Outstanding at April 30, 2023	16,387,020	0.39		
Issued for private placement	4,000,250	0.80	571,464	September 28, 2025
Issued for finders	88,778	0.50	22,017	September 28, 2025
Issued for private placement	2,622,000	0.80	354,911	November 1, 2025
Warrants exercised	(4,286,400)	0.39	(278,249)	1.000111001 1, 2023
Warrants expired	(1,952,667)	0.40	(143,268)	
Outstanding at April 30, 2024	16,858,981	0.55		

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

9. WARRANTS, OPTIONS, SHARE-BASED AWARDS (continued)

a) Warrants (continued)

As at April 30, 2024, the Company had outstanding and exercisable warrants as follows:

Issue Date	ue Date Warrants		Expiry Date
November 22, 2022	3,343,200	0.40	November 22, 2024
November 22, 2022	97,824	0.25	November 22, 2024
December 15, 2022	935,600	0.40	December 15, 2024
December 15, 2022	58,492	0.25	December 15, 2024
February 6, 2023	5,168,814	0.40	February 6, 2025
February 6, 2023	261,835	0.27	February 6, 2025
April 5, 2023	282,188	0.40	April 5, 2025
September 28, 2023	4,000,250	0.80	September 28, 2025 ¹
September 28, 2023	88,778	0.50	September 28, 2025
November 1, 2023	2,622,000	0.80	November 1, 2025 ¹
	16,858,981	0.55	

¹⁾ Repriced to \$0.54 subsequent to April 30, 2024.

The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing method to estimate the fair value of the finders' warrants. The expected volatility assumption inherent in the pricing model is based on the historical volatility of the Company's stock over a term equal to the expected term of the finders' warrants issued. The weighted average assumptions used in this pricing model, and the resulting fair values per finders' warrant for those issued during the years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	2024	<u>2023</u>
Risk-free rate:	4.53% to 4.91%	3.61% to 3.94%
Expected life:	2 years	1.5 to 2 years
Expected volatility:	95.05% to 96.02%	94.544% to 108.20%
Expected dividends:	Nil	Nil
Weighted average fair value per warrant:	\$0.15	\$0.09

b) Stock Options

The Company has an incentive Stock Option Plan ("the Plan") under which non-transferable options to purchase common shares of the Company may be granted to directors, officers, employees or service providers of the Company. The terms of the Plan provide that the Directors have the right to grant options to acquire common shares of the Company at not less than the closing market price of the shares on the day preceding the grant at terms of up to five years. No amounts are paid or payable by the recipient on receipt of the option, and the options granted are not dependent on any performance-based criteria.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

9. WARRANTS, OPTIONS, SHARE-BASED AWARDS (continued)

b) Stock Options (continued)

During the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company granted 191,860 incentive stock options to an officer of the Company with an exercise price of \$0.43 for a five-year period.

During the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company granted 150,000 incentive stock options to a consultant with an exercise price of \$0.40 for a three-year period.

During the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company granted 30,000 incentive stock options to a consultant with an exercise price of \$0.465 for a five-year period

The total stock-based compensation expense for the year ended April 30, 2024 was \$164,082 (2023 - \$143,541)

Changes in stock options for the year ended April 30, 2024 were as follows:

		Weighted average exercise price (C\$)
Outstanding at May 1, 2022	1,950,000	0.18
Granted	975,000	0.20
Outstanding at April 30, 2023	2,925,000	0.19
Granted	371,860	0.42
Exercised	(150,000)	0.20
Outstanding at April 30, 2024	3,146,860	0.21

As at April 30, 2024, the Company's outstanding share options were as follows:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Number	Weighted-average	Number
		outstanding	remaining contractual	exercisable
			life (years)	
June 1, 2025	\$0.150	1,000,000	1.09	1,000,000
July 29, 2025	\$0.290	150,000	1.25	150,000
November 29, 2026	\$0.200	650,000	2.58	650,000
July 27, 2027	\$0.200	200,000	3.24	133,333
December 12, 2027	\$0.200	400,000	3.62	266,667
December 29, 2027	\$0.200	375,000	3.67	250,000
January 2, 2029	\$0.430	191,860	4.68	191,860
January 10, 2027	\$0.400	150,000	2.70	50,000
April 9, 2029	\$0.465	30,000	4.95	10,000
Outstanding at April 30, 2024		3,146,860	2.50	2,701,860

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

9. WARRANTS, OPTIONS, SHARE-BASED AWARDS (continued)

b) Stock Options (continued)

The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate the fair value for all stock-based compensation. The expected volatility assumption inherent in the pricing model is based on the historical volatility of the Company's stock over a term equal to the expected term of the option granted. The assumptions used in this pricing model, and the resulting weighted average fair values per option for those granted during the years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

<u>2023</u>
3.81% 2.65% to 3.37%
rs 5 years
12% 109% to 111%
Nil
\$0.17

c) Restricted Share Units

On December 15, 2022, the Company issued 50,000 Restricted Share Units (the "RSUs") to a consultant of the Company. Each RSU entitles the holder to acquire one common share of the Company upon vesting. All 50,000 RSUs were redeemed on December 15, 2023 (Note 8).

On December 28, 2022, the Company issued 196,000 RSUs to an officer of the Company. All 196,000 RSUs vested on December 29, 2023.

On January 2, 2024, the Company issued 654,650 RSUs to officers and employee of the Company. All 654,650 RSUs will vest on January 2, 2025.

On April 2, 2024, the Company issued 400,000 RSUs to consultants of the Company. All 400,000 RSUs will vest on April 2, 2025.

On April 9, 2024, the Company issued 10,000 RSUs to a consultant of the Company. All 10,000 RSUs will vest on April 9, 2025.

The total stock-based compensation expense for RSUs for the year ended April 30, 2024 was \$135,713 (2023 - \$19,663).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

9. WARRANTS, OPTIONS, SHARE-BASED AWARDS (continued)

c) Restricted Share Units (continued)

As at April 30, 2024, the Company's outstanding Restricted Share Units were as follows:

	Restricted Share Units	Fair Value per Unit (C\$)
Outstanding at May 1, 2022	-	-
Granted	246,000	0.23
Outstanding at April 30, 2023	246,000	0.23
Granted	1,064,650	0.40
Redeemed	(50,000)	0.24
Outstanding at April 30, 2024	1,260,650	0.35

d) Performance Share Units

On December 28, 2022, the Company issued 314,000 Performance Share Units (the "PSUs") to an officer of the Company. Each PSU entitles the holder to acquire one common share of the Company upon vesting. All 314,000 PSUs will vest on the later of one year from the date of grant and the achievement of 100% of performance requirements or such other milestones as determined by the Company.

The total stock-based compensation expense for the PSUs for the year ended April 30, 2024, was \$47,883 (2023 - \$24,337).

As at April 30, 2024, the Company's outstanding Performance Share Units were as follows:

	Performance Share Units	Fair Value per Unit (C\$)
Outstanding at May 1, 2022	-	_
Granted	314,000	0.23
Outstanding at April 30, 2023 and 2024	314,000	0.23

e) Deferred Share Units

On January 2, 2024, the Company issued 1,162,795 Deferred Share Units (the "DSUs") to officers of the Company. Each DSU entitles the holder to acquire one common share of the Company upon vesting. All 1,162,795 DSUs will vest on the date the awardee ceases to be an eligible person. For the purpose of this agreement, "eligible person" means a Director, Officer, Employee, Management Company Employee or Consultant of the Company; a subsidiary of the Company, or an Eligible Charitable Organization.

(Audited)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

9. WARRANTS, OPTIONS, SHARE-BASED AWARDS (continued)

e) Deferred Share Units (continued)

The total stock-based compensation expense for the DSUs for the year ended April 30, 2024 was \$465,118 (2023 - \$nil).

	Deferred Share	Fair Value per
	Units	Unit (C\$)
Outstanding at May 1, 2022 and April 30, 2023	-	-
Granted	1,162,795	0.40
Outstanding at April 30, 2024	1,162,795	0.40

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

a) The Company's related parties include key management personnel and directors and any transactions with such parties for goods and/or services are made on regular commercial terms and are considered to be at arm's length. Key management are those personnel having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the Company and comprise the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Vice-President, Exploration of the Company.

The Company incurred the following transaction with key management personnel for the years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Year ended	Year ended
	April 30, 2024	April 30, 2023
Salaries and benefits	\$ 348,711 \$	301,895
Salaries included in exploration costs	115,820	123,168
Professional fees	22,000	-
Consulting fees	-	60,000
Stock-based compensation	728,144	125,193
	\$ 1,214,675 \$	610,256

At April 30, 2024, the Company owed \$11,550 (2023 - \$nil), included in trade and other payables, to an accounting firm of which an officer of the Company is a partner.

b) In connection with the mineral property assets (note 5), 2 directors shall retain and be entitled to a royalty (the "Royalty") entitling 2 directors to 0.5% each (total of 1%) of all Net Smelter Returns on the area currently comprising the mineral claims named "JR 1", "JR 2" and "JR 3" (collectively, the "Royalty Area") in accordance with the terms and conditions set out. The Royalty shall constitute an interest in land and will be a covenant running with the Royalty Area.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

11. INCOME TAXES

The Company's The Company's The nature and tax effect of the temporary differences giving rise to the deferred tax assets and liabilities at April 30, 2024 and 2023, are summarized as follows:

	Year Ended April 30, 2024	Year Ended April 30, 2023
Loss before income taxes	\$ (7,093,548) \$	(3,814,432)
Income tax rate	27.00%	27.00%
Income tax recovery using statutory rate	(1,915,258)	(1,029,897)
Net adjustments for amortization and non-deductible amounts	174,459	(68,316)
Flow through amounts	412,317	218,825
True up of prior year amounts	19,901	-
Difference in tax rate of foreign jurisdiction	(94,272)	(49,346)
Change in unrecognized benefit of tax pool assets	1,402,853	928,734
Income tax expense (recovery)	\$ - \$	-

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

	April 30, 2024	April 30, 2023
Deferred tax assets		
Non-capital loss carry-forwards	\$ 2,872,447 \$	1,485,085
Mineral properties	126,876	92,647
Property and equipment	11,806	3,830
Share issue costs	102,758	108,093
	3,113,887	1,689,655
Unrecognized deferred tax assets	(3,113,887)	(1,689,655)
Deferred tax assets	\$ - \$	-

The Company has non-capital loss carry-forwards of approximately \$4,140,000 (2023 - \$3,231,000) that will expire between 2036 and 2044. The Company also has Peruvian non-capital loss carry-forwards of approximately \$5,145,000.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk Management

The Company's overall risk management program seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

Fair value

The Company's consolidated financial instruments include cash, reclamation deposits and trade and other payables. *IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures* ("IFRS 7") establishes a fair value hierarchy for financial instruments measured at fair value that reflects the significance of inputs in making fair value measurements as follows:

- Level 1 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are quoted prices in active markets for identical
 assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are inputs other than quoted prices included
 in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly such as quoted prices for similar
 assets or liabilities in active markets or indirectly such as quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities
 in markets with insufficient volume or infrequent transactions.
- Level 3 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are unobservable market data.

The recorded amounts of cash, reclamation deposits and trade and other payables approximate their respective fair values due to their short-term nature.

Credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to a concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash. The Company limits its exposure to credit loss by placing its cash in a major Canadian and Peruvian bank. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. The Company has not used any financial instrument to hedge potential fluctuations in interest rates. The Company does not have any exposure to interest rates.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company's policy is to ensure that it will always have sufficient cash to allow it to meet its liabilities when they become due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The key to success in managing liquidity is the degree of certainty in the cash flow projections. If future cash flows are fairly uncertain, the liquidity risk increases.

The Company monitors its risk of shortage of funds by monitoring the maturity dates of existing other liabilities. Most of the Company's financial liabilities are due within one year.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Audited)

13. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company monitors its cash and common shares as capital. The Company's objectives when maintaining capital are to maintain sufficient capital base in order to meet its short-term obligations. The Company is not exposed to any externally imposed capital requirements.

14. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES TO CASH FLOWS

As at April 30, 2024:

- There was \$4,718 (2023 \$nil) included in trade and other payables which relates to mineral properties.
- There was \$55,845 (2023 \$nil) included in trade and other payables which relates to share issue costs.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company:

- Closed a private placement consisting of 16,059,205 units at \$0.40 per unit for gross proceeds of \$6,423,682. Each unit is composed of one common share of the company and one common share purchase warrant. Each warrant shall entitle the holder thereof to purchase one common share at an exercise price of \$0.54 per warrant share for a period of 3 years from the closing of the offering.
 - In connection with the private placement, the Company paid \$399,750 finder's fee and issued 999,376 finder's warrants. Each finder's warrant will entitle the holder thereof to purchase one common share at an exercise price of \$0.40 for a period of 2 years following the closing of the offering.
- Granted 200,000 options to consultants of the Company at an exercise of \$0.36 for a period of 5 years.